## International GCSE in Mathematics A - Paper 2F mark scheme

| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | AO | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 a |  | 1407 | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
| b |  | 2095 | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
| c |  | $60$ | 1 | AO1 | B1 accept tens, sixty |
| d |  | 1000 | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
| 2 a |  | $\times$ at 1 | 1 | AO3 | B1 |
| b |  | $\times$ at 0.5 | 1 | AO3 | B1 |
| 3 a |  | Berlin | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
| b |  | $1$ | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
|  |  | -7 | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
|  | $(2+-8) \div 2$ oe |  |  | AO1 | M1 method to find midpoint |
|  |  | -3 | 2 |  | A1 |
| 4 <br> ai |  | $\frac{1}{30} \text { oe }$ | 1 | AO3 | B1 |
| aii |  |  | 1 | AO3 | B1 |
| b |  | $\frac{7}{10} \text { oe }$ | 1 | AO3 | B1 |
| 5 a |  | 9 | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
| b |  | 11.8 | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
| c |  | 0.6 | 1 | AO1 | B1 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 a |  | B, G | 1 | AO2 | B1 |
| b |  | F | 1 | AO2 | B1 |
| c |  | D | 1 | AO2 | B1 |
| 7 | Line from $P$ at $50^{\circ}$ to base or arc from $Q$ of length 7.5 cm |  |  | AO2 |  |
|  |  | correct triangle | 2 |  | A1 |
| 8 a |  | 6.8 | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
| b |  | 729 | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
| c |  | 2.7 | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
| 9 a |  | $4 m$ | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
| b |  | 18 kp | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
| c |  | 4 | 1 | AO1 | B1 |
| d | $4 \times-7-3 \times 5$ or -28 and -15 |  |  | AO1 | M1 |
|  |  | -43 | 2 |  | A1 |
| e | $9=4 r-3 \times 8$ or $9=4 r-24$ |  |  | AO1 | M1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | M1 isolate term in $r$ |
|  |  | 8.25 oe | 3 |  | A1 |
| f |  | $5(c+6)$ | 1 | AO1 | B1 |


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| $10 \quad a$ <br> b | $\begin{aligned} & 360 \times 7(=2520) \\ & \left(4500-{ }^{\prime} 2520 \prime\right) \div 9 \end{aligned}$ | $220$ <br> 3 hours 20 mins | $3$ $2$ | AO1 <br> AO2 | M1 <br> M1 dep <br> A1 <br> M1 clear evidence of method to work out time interval <br> A1 accept 200 minutes |
| 11 a <br> b | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \div 30(=2.66 \ldots) \\ & 80 \div 30 \times 195 \\ & \frac{120}{800} \times 360 \mathrm{oe} \end{aligned}$ | $520$ $54$ | $3$ $2$ | AO3 $\mathrm{AO} 3$ | M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> A1 |
| 12 | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \times 3(=15) \text { or } 7 \times(11-5)(=42) \text { or } \\ & 11 \times 7(=77) \text { or } 5 \times(7-3)(=20) \\ & \text { or } 11 \times 3(=33) \text { or }(11-5) \times(7-3)(=24) \\ & 5 \times 3+7 \times(11-5)(=57) \text { or } \\ & 11 \times 7-5 \times(7-3)(=57) \text { or } \\ & 11 \times 3+(11-5) \times(7-3)(=57) \\ & \prime 57 \prime \div 2(28.5) \\ & \prime 29 \prime \times 24.8 \end{aligned}$ | 719.20 | 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{AO} 1, \\ & \mathrm{AO} 2 \end{aligned}$ | M1 method to find area of part of floor <br> M1 complete method to find area <br> M1 dep on at least M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 |


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| 13 | $\begin{aligned} & 345 \div 200(=1.725) \text { or } 345 \times 100 \\ & (=34500) \\ & ‘ 1.725 \prime \times 100 \text { or }{ }^{\prime} 34500 \prime \div 200 \end{aligned}$ | 172.5 | 3 | AO2 | M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | Division by 200 or conversion of units. <br> Division by 200 and conversion of units |
| 14 | $(6+8) \div 2(=7)$ or $(-5+3) \div 2(=-1)$ | $(-1,7)$ | 2 | AO1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $15 \quad a$ <br> b | $900 \div 6 \times 15 \text { oe }$ $3 \times 1000 \div 750 \times 6$ | $\begin{gathered} 2250 \\ 24 \end{gathered}$ | $2$ $2$ | AO1 <br> AO1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 16 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 2 \times 5 \text { or } 2 \times 3 \times 5 \text { or } 3 \times 3 \times 5 \\ & \text { or two of } \\ & 20,40,60 \ldots \\ & 30,60,90 \ldots \\ & 45,90,105 \\ & 2 \times 2 \times 5 \text { and } 2 \times 3 \times 5 \text { and } 3 \times 3 \times 5 \\ & \text { or all of } \\ & 20,40,60,80 \ldots 180 \\ & 30,60,90 \ldots 180 \\ & 45,90,105 \ldots 180 \end{aligned}$ | 180 | 3 | AO1 | M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | for one of $20,30,45$ written as product of prime factors or list of at least 3 multiples of any two of 20, 30, 45 <br> for 180 or $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5$ oe |


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| 17 |  | $7 n-5$ oe | 2 | AO1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ | for $7 n+k$ ( $k$ may be zero) |
| 18 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2}(10+14) \times 9 \\ & ' 108^{\prime} \times 6(=648) \\ & ' 648 \prime \times 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | 453.6 | 4 | AO2 | M1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | for area of cross section <br> (dep on previous M1) for volume of prism (independent) <br> accept 454 |
| $19 \begin{array}{cc} \text { a } \\ & \text { b } \\ & \text { c } \\ & d \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 x+35=2 x-10 \text { or } \\ & x+7=\frac{2 x}{5}-\frac{10}{5} \\ & \text { e.g. } 5 x-2 x=-10-35 \text { or } \\ & 7+\frac{10}{5}=\frac{2 x}{5}+x \end{aligned}$ | $p^{9}$ <br> $m^{-12}$ <br> 1 $-15$ | 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 3 | AO1 <br> AO1 <br> AO1 <br> AO1 | B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | for removing bracket or dividing all terms by 5 <br> for isolating $x$ terms in a correct equation <br> dep on M1 |


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| 20 | $\begin{aligned} & 14000 \times 4(=56000) \\ & 0.075 \times \text { ‘ } 56000 \text { ' }(=4200) \text { or } \\ & 0.075 \times 14000(=1050) \\ & \\ & \text { ' } 56000 \text { ' - '42000' or } \\ & 14000-1050 \text { ' } \end{aligned}$ | 51800 | 4 | AO1 | M1 M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | NB. multiplication by 4 may occur before or after percentage decrease |
| $21 \text { a }$ <br> b |  | triangle with vertices $(3,-1)(3,-4)(5,-4)$ <br> Rotation centre ( $-3,0$ ) $90^{\circ}$ anticlockwise | 1 <br> 3 | $\mathrm{AO} 2$ AO2 | B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 | $\text { accept }+90^{\circ}, 270^{\circ} \text { clockwise, }-270^{\circ}$ <br> NB. If more than one transformation then no marks can be awarded |


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| a <br> b | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \times 15(=60) \text { or } \frac{a+b+c+d}{4}=15 \\ & \text { or } \\ & 4 \times 15-19 \\ & d-a=10 \text { or } a=11 \text { or } \\ & a=" 21 "-10 \text { or } \\ & b+c=39-11=28 \end{aligned}$ | 21 <br> 14 | 2 <br> 2 | AO3 <br> AO3 | M1 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> A1 cao | ft from (a) <br> (can be implied by 11, $b, c, 21 \mathrm{O}$ $a, b, c, d$ with $b+c=28$ ) |  |
| 23 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.02 \times 40000(=800) \text { or } 1.02 \times 40000 \\ & (=40800) \text { or } 2400 \\ & " 40800 \text { " } \times 0.02(=816) \text { and } \\ & " 41616 " \times 0.02(=832.32) \text { OR } \\ & 2448.32 \end{aligned}$ | 42448.32 | 3 | AO1 | M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | (dep) method to find interest for year 2 and year 3 | $\mathrm{M} 2 \text { for } 40000 \times 1.02^{3}$ |
| 24 | $\begin{aligned} 3 x+y & =13 \end{aligned} \quad \text { or } \quad 6 x+2 y=26$ <br> eg. $3 x-2=13$ or $15+y=13$ | 5, -2 | 3 | AO1 | M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | multiplication of one equation with or rearrangement of one equation second <br> (dep) correct method to find secon for both solutions dependent on co | correct operation selected ith substitution into <br> variable <br> ect working |

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| $25$ <br> a <br> b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { e.g. } \frac{10}{18}+\frac{3}{18} \text { or } \frac{30}{54}+\frac{9}{54} \\ & \frac{14}{3} \div \frac{32}{9} \\ & \frac{14}{3} \times \frac{9}{32} \text { or } \frac{126}{27} \div \frac{96}{27} \text { or } \frac{42}{9} \div \frac{32}{9} \end{aligned}$ | answer given <br> answer given | $2$ <br> 3 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{AO} 1 \\ \mathrm{AO1} \end{gathered}$ | M1 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | for two fractions with common denominator with at least one numerator correct <br> correct answer from correct working <br> correct answer from correct working |
| 26 | $\begin{aligned} & (6-2) \times 180(=720) \\ & ‘ 720 \prime-(86+123+140+105) \\ & (=266) \text { or } ‘ 720^{\prime}-454(=266) \\ & \prime 266 \prime \div 2 \end{aligned}$ | 133 | 4 | AO 2 | M1 <br> M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 | complete method to find sum of interior angles dep on 1st method mark dep on 1st method mark |

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